AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

In the claims, please cancel claim 13 and 14 amend claims 5 and 12 as follows.

- 1-4. (canceled)
- 5. (currently amended) A process for delivering a polynucleotide to the cytoplasm of a cell in vitro consisting essentially of:
 - a) forming a styrene-maleic anhydride-based random copolymer;
 - b) covalently linking hydrophobic groups to anhydride monomers in the copolymer thereby forming a membrane active polymer capable of lysing mammalian cell membranes at pH 6.5; and[[,]]
 - c) contacting said cell with said polynucleotide and said membrane active polymer such that the compound and the polymer are endocytosed by the cell.
- 6. (canceled)
- 7. (previously presented) The process of claim 5 wherein the hydrophobic groups are selected from the list consisting of: hydrophobic esters and hydrophobic amides.
- 8. (previously presented) The process of claim 7 wherein a functional group is covalently linked to an anhydride monomer in the polymer.
- 9-11. (canceled)
- 12. (currently amended) A process for delivering a polynucleotide to the cytoplasm of a cell in vitro consisting essentially of:
 - a) forming a butyl vinyl ether-maleic anhydride-based alternating copolymer;
 - b) covalently linking hydrophobic groups to anhydride monomers in the copolymer thereby forming a membrane active polymer capable of lysing mammalian cell membranes at pH 6.5; and[[,]]
 - c) contacting said cell with said polynucleotide and said membrane active polymer such that the compound and the polymer are endocytosed by the cell.
- 13. (canceled)
- 14. (canceled)
- 15. (canceled)
- 16. (previously presented) The process of claim 12 wherein the hydrophobic groups are selected from the group consisting of: hydrophobic esters and hydrophobic amides.
- 17. (previously presented) The process of claim 12 wherein a functional group is covalently linked to an anhydride monomer in the polymer.
- 18-20. (canceled)